Architecture of Sacred Places

Goal: Learn about several distinct places that represent the several religions and belief systems in the world. Understand and question what makes a place sacred: the religion, the location or the beliefs of the people.

Objectives:

- 1. Investigate the many given places for their architectural style, location, historical importance.
- 2. Decipher the important features of the architecture and decide what makes the place sacred.
- 3. Compare the given place to another place of another faith or belief and find what features are similar.
- 4. Research techniques and compilation of all information a presentation.

What makes a place sacred? The people, the beliefs, the location? Use questions to guide research.

- 1. How old is the place or the site?
- 2. Which group claims that this is place is sacred and WHY?
- 3. What special modifications have been made to the location, building or place?
- 4. What is a distinguishing feature or hallmark of the site?
- 5. Has the site been designated a UNESCO site? Go to UNESCO website and check their listings.
- 6. Has the site suffered from natural problems like earthquakes, human environment?

The above questions are to help guide the student in their research and are not the only questions a student may ask.

Final work presented in PowerPoint presentations. This is a good project for group work and also for the independent learner.

Below are several places considered sacred, even holy by their adherents:

Christian/Roman Catholic Chartres Cathedral, France



Muslim:
Dome of the Rock/Mosque/Jerusalem



Jewish: Wailing Wall/Temple of Solomon/Jerusalem/Israel



Greek Orthodox: Mt. Athos/Monastery/Greece



Buddhist: Borobudur/Buddhist temple Compound/Java, Indonesia



Hindu: Kedarnath Temple/Holiest Hindu Shrines/Uttarakhand, India in the Himalayas



Egyptian pyramids



Stonehenge: Salisbury Plain, England

